

TXS0104E 4-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-Level Translator for Open-Drain and Push-Pull Applications

1 Features

- No Direction-Control Signal Needed
- Max Data Rates
 - 24 Mbps (Push Pull)
 - 2 Mbps (Open Drain)
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree™ Package
- 1.65 V to 3.6 V on A port and 2.3 V to 5.5 V on B port ($V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$)
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required – V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} Can Be Ramped First
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - A Port
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
 - B Port
 - 15-kV Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- IEC 61000-4-2 ESD (B Port)
 - ± 8 -kV Contact Discharge
 - ± 10 -kV Air-Gap Discharge

2 Applications

- Handset
- Smartphone
- Tablet
- Desktop PC

3 Description

This 4-bit non-inverting translator uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 3.6 V. V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} . The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. This allows for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state.

The TXS0104E is designed so that the OE input circuit is supplied by V_{CCA} .

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TXS0104ED	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.91 mm
TXS0104EPW	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm
TXS0104EZ XU	BGA (12)	2.00 mm × 2.50 mm
TXS0104ERGY	VQFN (14)	3.50 mm × 3.50 mm
TXS0104EYZT	DSBGA (12)	1.87 mm × 1.37 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Transfer Characteristics of an N-Channel Transistor

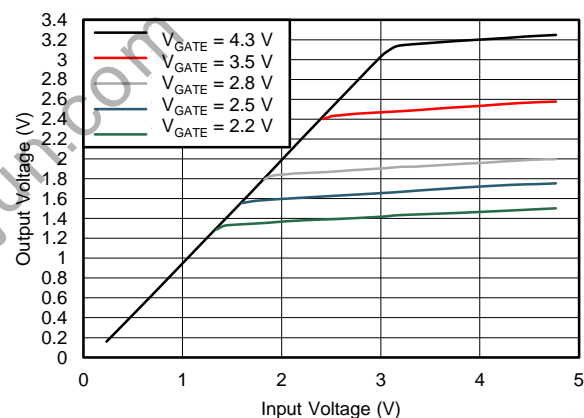


Table of Contents

1 Features	1	7.2 Voltage Waveforms	16
2 Applications	1	8 Detailed Description	17
3 Description	1	8.1 Overview	17
4 Revision History	2	8.2 Functional Block Diagram	17
5 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	8.3 Feature Description	18
6 Specifications	5	8.4 Device Functional Modes	18
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	5	9 Application and Implementation	19
6.2 ESD Ratings	5	9.1 Application Information	19
6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions	6	9.2 Typical Application	19
6.4 Thermal Information: ZXU and YZT	6	10 Power Supply Recommendations	21
6.5 Thermal Information: D, PW, and RGY	6	11 Layout	21
6.6 Electrical Characteristics	7	11.1 Layout Guidelines	21
6.7 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$	8	11.2 Layout Example	21
6.8 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	8	12 Device and Documentation Support	22
6.9 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	8	12.1 Documentation Support	22
6.10 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$..	9	12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates	22
6.11 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$..	11	12.3 Community Resources	22
6.12 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$..	13	12.4 Trademarks	22
6.13 Typical Characteristics	14	12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	22
7 Parameter Measurement Information	15	12.6 Glossary	22
7.1 Load Circuits	15	13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information	22

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

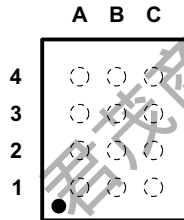
Changes from Revision F (December 2014) to Revision G	Page
• Changed Device Information table	1
• Deleted GXU references throughout	3
• Added Junction temperature in the <i>Absolute Maximum Ratings</i>	5
• Reformatted <i>Electrical Characteristics</i>	7
• Added <i>Basics of Voltage Translation</i> to Related Documentation	22
• Added <i>Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates</i> and <i>Community Resources</i>	22

Changes from Revision E (August 2013) to Revision F	Page
• Added <i>Pin Configuration and Functions</i> section, <i>Handling Rating</i> table, <i>Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section	1
• Deleted the Package thermal impedance information from the Absolute max ratings table into the Thermal Information table. Moved the T_{stg} row into the new Handling Ratings table.	5
• Changed the last 2 rows of MIN MAX (24 MAX and 2 MAX) to the MIN columns, in the first switching characteristics table	10

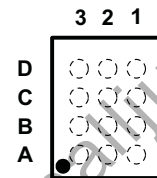
Changes from Revision D (May 2008) to Revision E	Page
• Deleted the ordering table	1

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

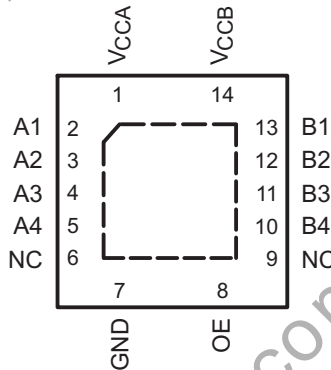
ZXU Package
12-Pin MICROSTAR JUNIOR
Top View



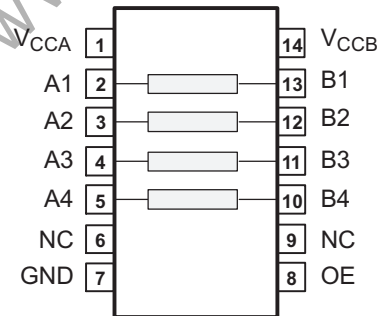
YZT Package
12-Pin DSBGA
Top View



RGY Package
14-Pin VQFN
Top View



D and PW Package
14-Pin SOIC and TSSOP
Top View



NOTE: NC - No internal connection

NOTE: NC - No internal connection

Pin Functions: D, PW, or RGY

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
A1	2	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A2	3	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A3	4	I/O	Input/output A3. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A4	5	I/O	Input/output A4. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
B1	13	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B2	12	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B3	11	I/O	Input/output B3. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B4	10	I/O	Input/output B4. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
GND	7	—	Ground
OE	8	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
V_{CCA}	1	—	A-port supply voltage. $1.65\text{ V} \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ and $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$.
V_{CCB}	14	—	B-port supply voltage. $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CCB} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$.
Thermal Pad	—	—	For the RGY package, the exposed center thermal pad must be connected to ground

TXS0104E

SCES651G – JUNE 2006 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2017

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Pin Functions: BGA

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
A1	A1	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A2	A2	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A3	A3	I/O	Input/output A3. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A4	A4	I/O	Input/output A4. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
B1	C1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B2	C2	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B3	C3	I/O	Input/output B3. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B4	C4	I/O	Input/output B4. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
GND	B4	—	Ground
OE	B3	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
V_{CCA}	B2	—	A-port supply voltage. $1.65\text{ V} \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ and $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$.
V_{CCB}	B1	—	B-port supply voltage. $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CCB} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$.

Pin Functions: DSBGA

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
A1	A3	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A2	B3	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A3	C3	I/O	Input/output A3. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A4	D3	I/O	Input/output A4. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
B1	A1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B2	B1	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B3	C1	I/O	Input/output B3. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
B4	D1	I/O	Input/output B4. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
GND	D2	—	Ground
OE	C2	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
V_{CCA}	B2	—	A-port supply voltage. $1.65\text{ V} \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$ and $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$.
V_{CCB}	A2	—	B-port supply voltage. $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CCB} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage		–0.5	4.6	V
V _{CCB}			–0.5	6.5	
V _I	Input voltage ⁽²⁾	A port	–0.5	4.6	V
		B port	–0.5	6.5	
V _O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾	A port	–0.5	4.6	V
		B port	–0.5	6.5	
V _O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state ^{(2) (3)}	A port	–0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
		B port	–0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		–50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		–50	mA
I _O	Continuous output current		–50	50	mA
	Continuous current through each V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND		–100	100	mA
T _J	Junction temperature			150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature		–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	A Port	±2000	V
			B Port	±15	kV
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	A Port	±1000	V
			B Port		
		Machine model (MM)	A Port	±200	
			B Port		

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

TXS0104E

SCES651G – JUNE 2006 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2017

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6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

		V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾			1.65	3.6	V
V _{CCB}				2.3	5.5	
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	A-port I/Os	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} – 0.2	V
			2.3 V to 3.6 V		V _{CCI} – 0.4	
		B-port I/Os	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} – 0.4	
		OE input			V _{CCA} × 0.65	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	A-port I/Os	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	0	V
		B-port I/Os			0	
		OE input			0	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	A-port I/Os, push-pull driving	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	10	ns/V
		B-port I/Os, push-pull driving			10	
		Control input			10	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature			–40	85	°C

⁽¹⁾ V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

⁽²⁾ V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

⁽³⁾ V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB}, and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6 V.

6.4 Thermal Information: ZXU and YZT

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TXS0104E		UNIT
		ZXU (BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR) ⁽²⁾	YZT (DSBGA)	
		12 PINS	12 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	132.0	89.2	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	98.4	0.9	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	68.7	14.4	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.1	3.0	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	68.2	14.4	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#).

⁽²⁾ The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

6.5 Thermal Information: D, PW, and RGY

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TXS0104E			UNIT
		D (SOIC) ⁽¹⁾	PW (TSSOP) ⁽²⁾	RGY (VQFN) ⁽³⁾	
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	90.4	120.1	56.1	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	50.1	49.4	68.8	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	45.0	61.8	32.1	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	14.4	6.2	3.1	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	44.7	61.2	32.3	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	—	—	12.8	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#).

⁽²⁾ The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

⁽³⁾ The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-5.

6.6 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
V _{OHA}		I _{OH} = –20 μA, V _{IB} ≥ V _{CCB} – 0.4 V T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCA} × 0.8			V		
V _{OLA}		I _{OL} = 1 mA, V _{IB} ≤ 0.15 V T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V			0.4	V		
V _{OHB}		I _{OH} = –20 μA, V _{IA} ≥ V _{CCA} – 0.2 V T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCB} × 0.8			V		
V _{OLB}		I _{OL} = 1 mA, V _{IA} ≤ 0.15 V T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V			0.4	V		
I _I	OE	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND T _A = 25°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	–1		1	μA		
		V _I = V _{CCO} or GND T _A = –40°C to 85°C			–2		2			
I _{OZ}	A or B port	OE = V _{IL} T _A = 25°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	–1		1	μA		
		OE = V _{IL} T _A = –40°C to 85°C			–2		2			
I _{CCA}		V _I = V _O = Open, I _O = 0 T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V			2.4	μA		
			3.6 V	0			2.2			
			0	5.5 V			–1			
I _{CCB}		V _I = V _O = Open, I _O = 0 T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V			12	μA		
			3.6 V	0			–1			
			0	5.5 V			1			
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}		V _I = V _O = Open, I _O = 0 T _A = –40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V			14.4	μA		
C _I	OE	T _A = 25°C	3.3 V	3.3 V		2.5		pF		
		T _A = –40°C to 85°C					3.5			
C _{io}	A port	T _A = 25°C	3.3 V	3.3 V		5		pF		
							6.5			
	B port	T _A = –40°C to 85°C				12				
							16.5			

- (1) V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.
(2) V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
(3) V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB}, and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6 V.

TXS0104E

SCES651G –JUNE 2006–REVISED SEPTEMBER 2017

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6.7 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
Data rate	Push-pull driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		24	Mbps
	Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		2	
t_w Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	41		ns
	Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	500		

6.8 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
Data rate	Push-pull driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		24	Mbps
	Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		2	
t_w Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	41		ns
	Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	500		

6.9 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
Data rate	Push-pull driving		$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		24	Mbps
	Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		2	
t_w Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	41		ns
	Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	500		

6.10 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
t_{PHL}	A	B	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		4.6	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		4.7	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$		5.8	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	2.9	8.8	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	2.9	9.6	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	3	10	
t_{PLH}	A	B	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		6.8	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		6.8	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$		7	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	45	260	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	36	208	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	27	198	
t_{PHL}	B	A	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		4.4	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		4.5	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$		4.7	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.9	5.3	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	1.1	4.4	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	1.2	4	
t_{PLH}	B	A	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		5.3	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		4.5	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$		0.5	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	45	175	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	36	140	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	27	102	
t_{en}	OE	A or B	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$			200	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$			200	
			$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$			200	
t_{dis}	OE	A or B	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$			50	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$			40	
			$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$			35	
t_{rA}	A-port rise time		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	3.2	9.5	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	2.3	9.3	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	2	7.6	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	38	165	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	30	132	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	22	95	
t_{rB}	B-port rise time		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	4	10.8	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	2.7	9.1	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	2.7	7.6	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	34	145	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	23	106	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	10	58	

Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _{fA}	A-port fall time	Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2	5.9	ns	
			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.9	6		
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.7	13.3		
		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	4.4	6.9		
			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4.3	6.4		
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	4.2	6.1		
t _{fB}	B-port fall time	Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.9	7.6	ns	
			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.8	7.5		
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2.8	8.8		
		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	6.9	13.8		
			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	7.5	16.2		
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	7	16.2		
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-channel skew	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		1	ns		
		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V					
		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V					
Max data rate		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	24	Mbps		
			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V				
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V				
		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2			
			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V				
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V				

6.11 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
t_{PHL}	A	B	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$		3.2	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$		3.3	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		3.4	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	1.7	6.3	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2	6	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	2.1	5.8	
t_{PLH}	A	B	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$		3.5	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$		4.1	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		4.4	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	43	250	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	36	206	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	27	190	
t_{PHL}	B	A	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$		3	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$		3.6	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		4.3	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	1.8	4.7	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.6	4.2	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1.2	4	
t_{PLH}	B	A	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$		2.5	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$		1.6	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$		0.7	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	44	170	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	37	140	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	27	103	
t_{en}	OE	A or B	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$			200	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$			200	
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$			200	
t_{dis}	OE	A or B	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$			50	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$			40	
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$			35	
t_{rA}		A-port rise time	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	2.8	7.4	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.6	6.6	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1.8	5.6	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	34	149	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	28	121	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	24	89	
t_{rB}		B-port rise time	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	3.2	8.3	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.9	7.2	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	2.4	6.1	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	35	151	
				$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	24	112	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	12	64	

Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
t_{fA}	A-port fall time	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	1.9	5.7	ns	
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	1.9	5.5		
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1.8	5.3		
		Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	4.4	6.9		
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	4.3	6.2		
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	4.2	5.8		
t_{fB}	B-port fall time	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	2.2	7.8	ns	
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.4	6.7		
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	2.6	6.6		
		Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	5.1	8.8		
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	5.4	9.4		
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	5.4	10.4		
$t_{SK(O)}$	Channel-to-channel skew	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$		1	ns		
		$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$					
		$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$					
Max data rate		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	24	Mbps		
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$				
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$				
		Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$	2			
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$				
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$				

6.12 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{PHL}	A	B	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$			2.4	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$			3.1	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	1.3		4.2	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1.4		4.6	
t_{PLH}	A	B	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$			4.2	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$			4.4	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	36		204	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	28		165	
t_{PHL}	B	A	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$			2.5	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$			3.3	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	1		124	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1		97	
t_{PLH}	B	A	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$			2.5	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$			2.6	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	3		139	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	3		105	
t_{en}	OE	A or B	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$				200	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$					
t_{dis}	OE	A or B	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$				40	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$				35	
t_{rA}	A-port rise time		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.3		5.6	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1.9		4.8	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	25		116	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	19		85	
t_{rB}	B-port rise time		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.5		6.4	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	2.1		7.4	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	26		116	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$				
t_{fA}	A-port fall time		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2		5.4	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	1.9		5	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	4.3		6.1	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	4.2		5.7	
t_{fB}	B-port fall time		Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2.3		7.4	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	2.4		7.6	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	5		7.6	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	4.8		8.3	
$t_{SK(O)}$	Channel-to-channel skew		$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$				1	ns
			$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$					
Max data rate			Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	24		200	Mbps
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	24		200	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$	2		200	
				$V_{CCB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$	2		200	

6.13 Typical Characteristics

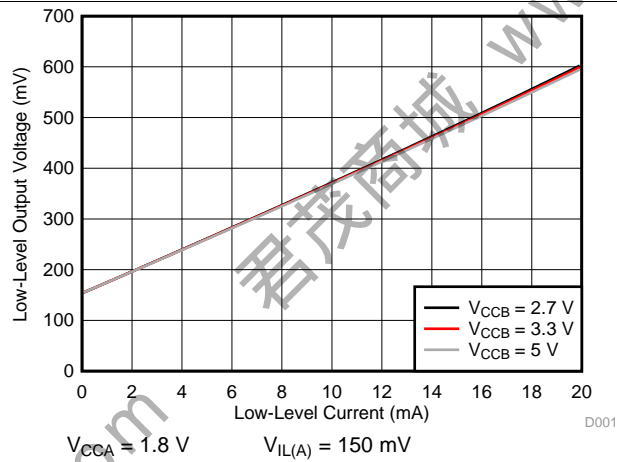


Figure 1. Low-Level Output Voltage ($V_{OL(Ax)}$) vs Low-Level Current ($I_{OL(Ax)}$)

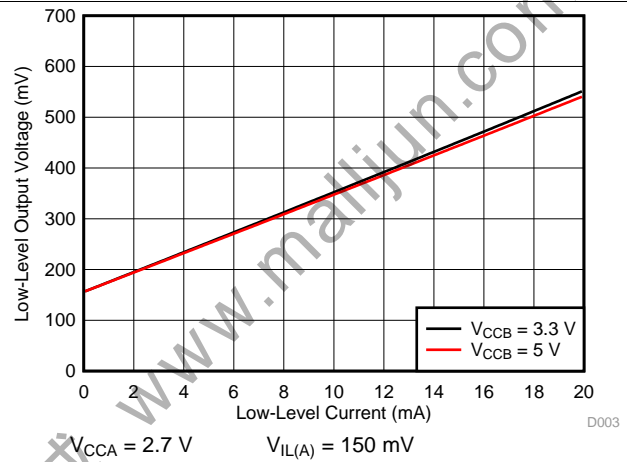


Figure 2. Low-Level Output Voltage ($V_{OL(Ax)}$) vs Low-Level Current ($I_{OL(Ax)}$)

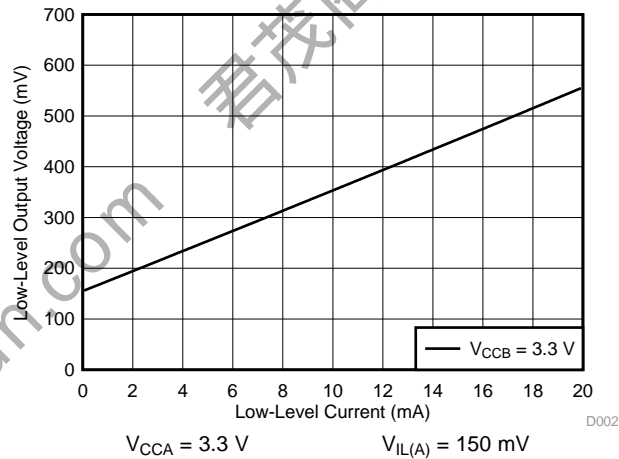


Figure 3. Low-Level Output Voltage ($V_{OL(Ax)}$) vs Low-Level Current ($I_{OL(Ax)}$)

7 Parameter Measurement Information

7.1 Load Circuits

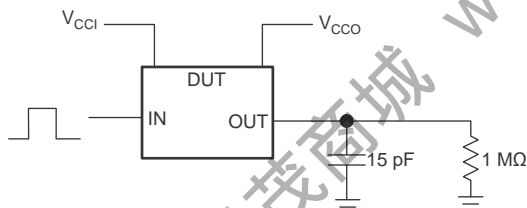


Figure 4. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Measurement Using a Push-Pull Driver

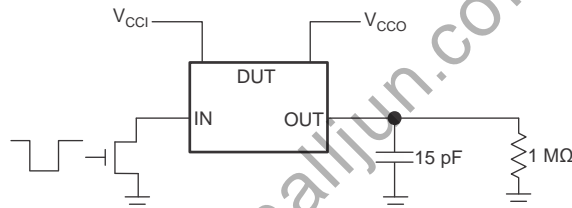
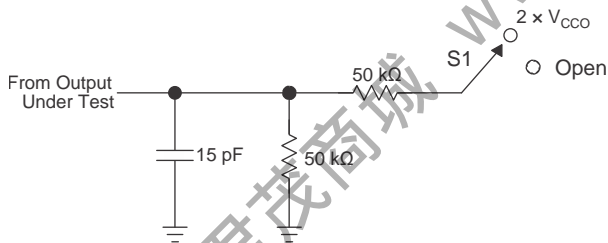


Figure 5. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Measurement Using an Open-Drain Driver

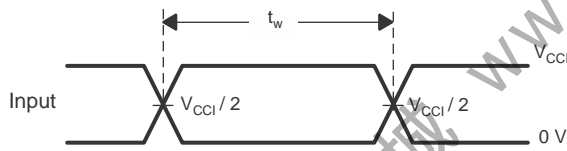
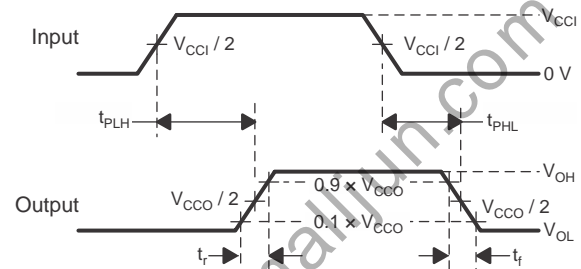
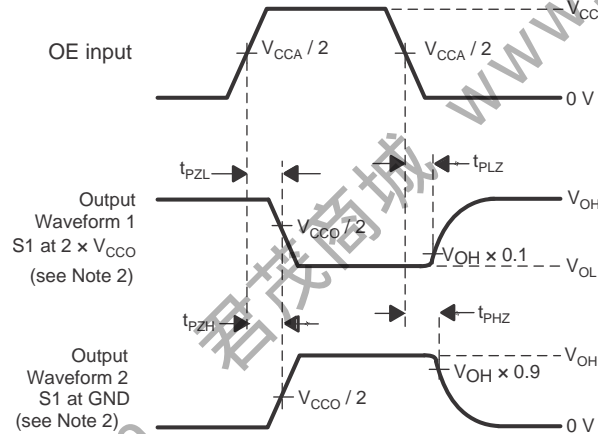


TEST	S1
t_{PZL} / t_{PLZ} (t_{dis})	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
t_{PHZ} / t_{PZH} (t_{en})	Open

Figure 6. Load Circuit for Enable-Time and Disable-Time Measurement

1. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
2. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
3. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
4. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

7.2 Voltage Waveforms


Figure 7. Pulse Duration

Figure 8. Propagation Delay Times

Figure 9. Enable and Disable Times

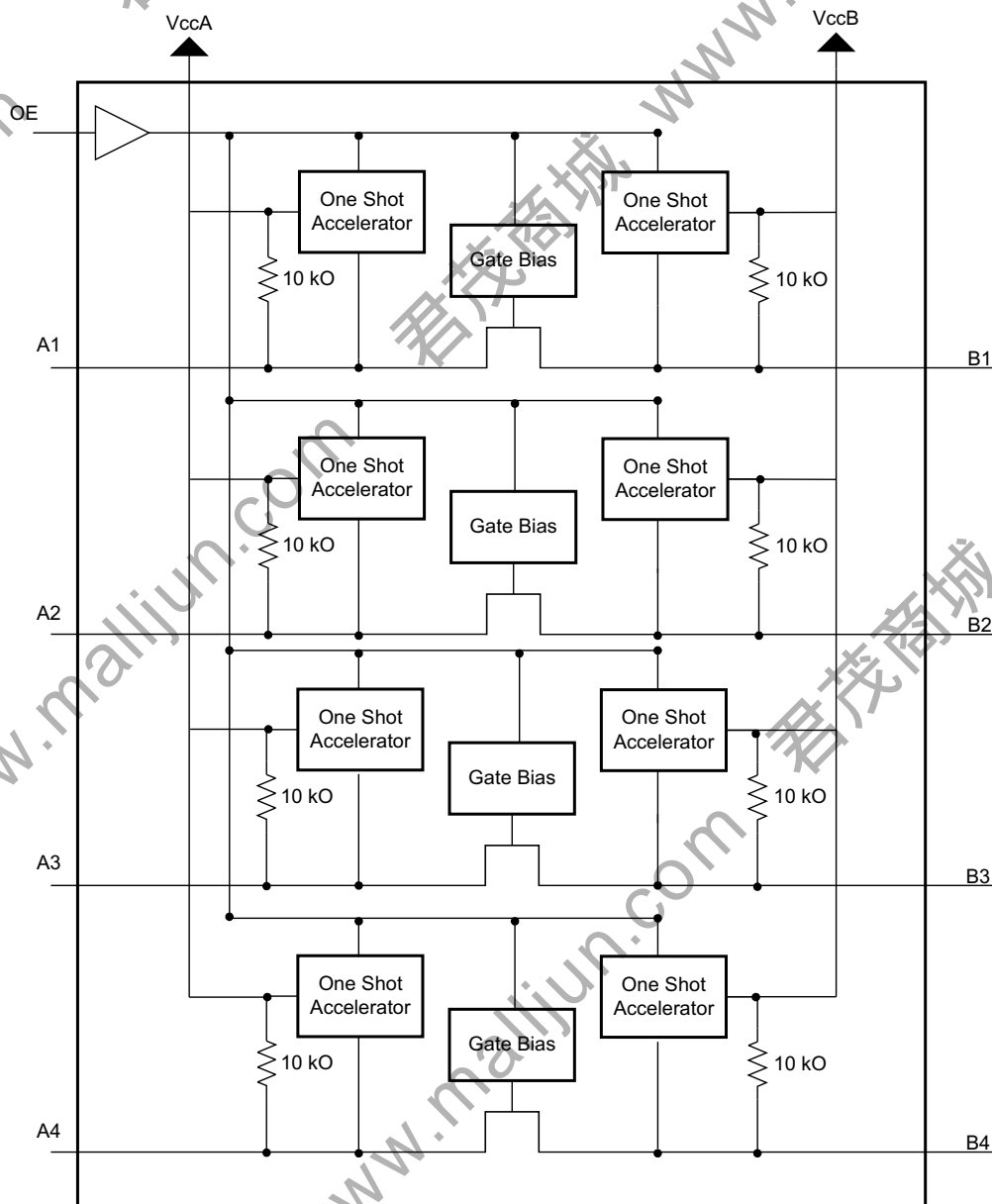
1. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
2. Waveform 1 in Figure 9 is for an output with internal such that the output is high, except when OE is high (see Figure 6). Waveform 2 in Figure 9 is for an output with conditions such that the output is low, except when OE is high.
3. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $dv/dt \geq 1 \text{ V/ns}$.
4. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
5. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
6. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
7. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
8. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
9. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TXS0104E device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The device is a pass gate architecture with edge rate accelerators (one shots) to improve the overall data rate. 10-k Ω pullup resistors, commonly used in open drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. While this device is designed for open drain applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Architecture

The TXS0104E architecture (see Figure 10) does not require a direction-control signal in order to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A.

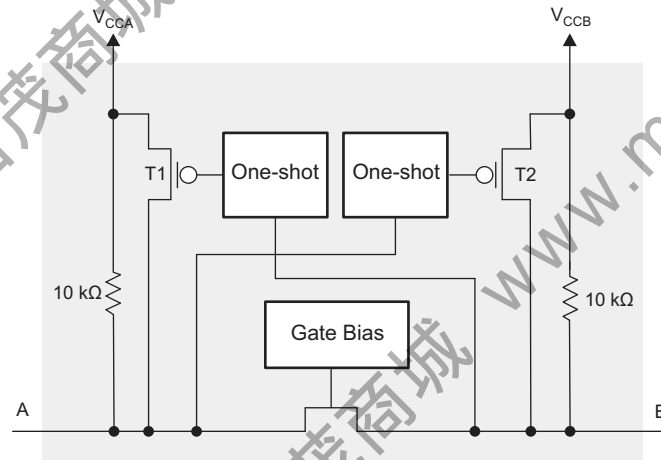


Figure 10. Architecture of a TXS01xx Cell

Each A-port I/O has an internal 10-kΩ pullup resistor to V_{CCA} , and each B-port I/O has an internal 10-kΩ pullup resistor to V_{CCB} . The output one-shots detect rising edges on the A or B ports. During a rising edge, the one-shot turns on the PMOS transistors (T1, T2) for a short duration which speeds up the low-to-high transition.

8.3.2 Input Driver Requirements

The fall time (t_{fA} , t_{fB}) of a signal depends on the output impedance of the external device driving the data I/Os of the TXS0104E device. Similarly, the t_{PHL} and maximum data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for t_{fA} , t_{fB} , t_{PHL} , and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than 50 Ω.

8.3.3 Power Up

During operation, ensure that $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$ at all times. During power-up sequencing, $V_{CCA} \geq V_{CCB}$ does not damage the device, so any power supply can be ramped up first.

8.3.4 Enable and Disable

The TXS0104E device has an OE input that disables the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the high-impedance state. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between the time when the OE pin goes low and when the outputs actually enter the high-impedance state. The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after the OE pin is taken high.

8.3.5 Pullup and Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal 10-kΩ pullup resistor to V_{CCA} , and each B-port I/O has an internal 10-kΩ pullup resistor to V_{CCB} . If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} (in parallel with the internal 10-kΩ resistors).

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The TXS0104E device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device set the OE input low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input high will enable the device.

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TXS0104E device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The TXS0104E device is ideal for use in applications where an open-drain driver is connected to the data I/Os. The TXS0104E device can also be used in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data I/Os, but the TXB0104 device might be a better option for such push-pull applications.

9.2 Typical Application

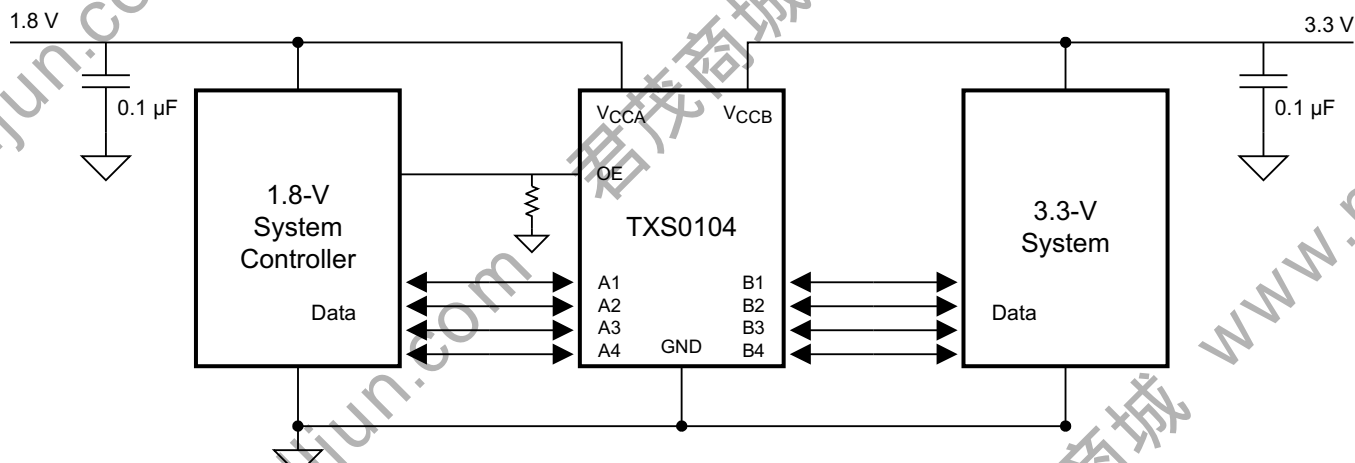


Figure 11. Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 1](#).

Table 1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.65 to 3.6 V
Output voltage range	2.3 to 5.5 V

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXS0104E device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXS0104E device is driving to determine the output voltage range.
 - The TXS0104E device has 10-k Ω internal pullup resistors. External pullup resistors can be added to reduce the total RC of a signal trace if necessary.
- An external pull down resistor decreases the output V_{OH} and V_{OL} . Use Equation 1 to calculate the V_{OH} as a result of an external pull down resistor.

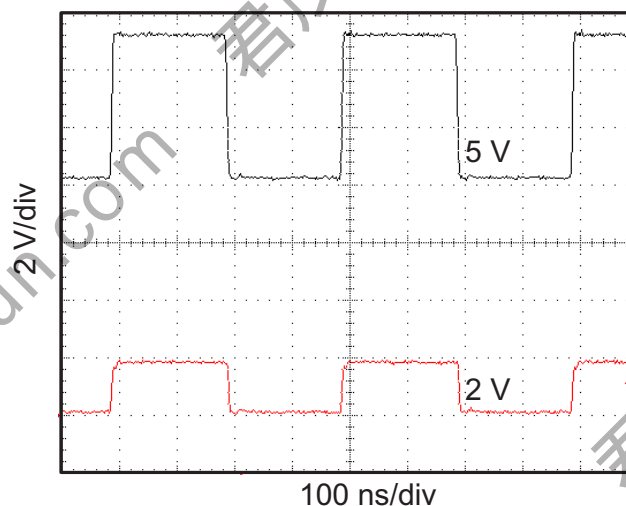
$$V_{OH} = V_{CCX} \times R_{PD} / (R_{PD} + 10 \text{ k}\Omega) \quad (1)$$

where

V_{CCX} is the supply voltage on either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB}

R_{PD} is the value of the external pull down resistor

9.2.3 Application Curve



$V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

$V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V}$

Figure 12. Level-Translation of a 2.5-MHz Signal

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TXS0104E device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 2.3 V to 5.5 V and V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 3.6 V as long as V_S is less than or equal to V_{CCB} . The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} respectively allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

The TXS0104E device does not require power sequencing between V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} during power-up so the power-supply rails can be ramped in any order. A V_{CCA} value greater than or equal to V_{CCB} ($V_{CCA} \geq V_{CCB}$) does not damage the device, but during operation, V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} ($V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$) at all times.

The output-enable (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pulldown resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one shot duration, approximately 30 ns, ensuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the source driver.
- Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements

11.2 Layout Example

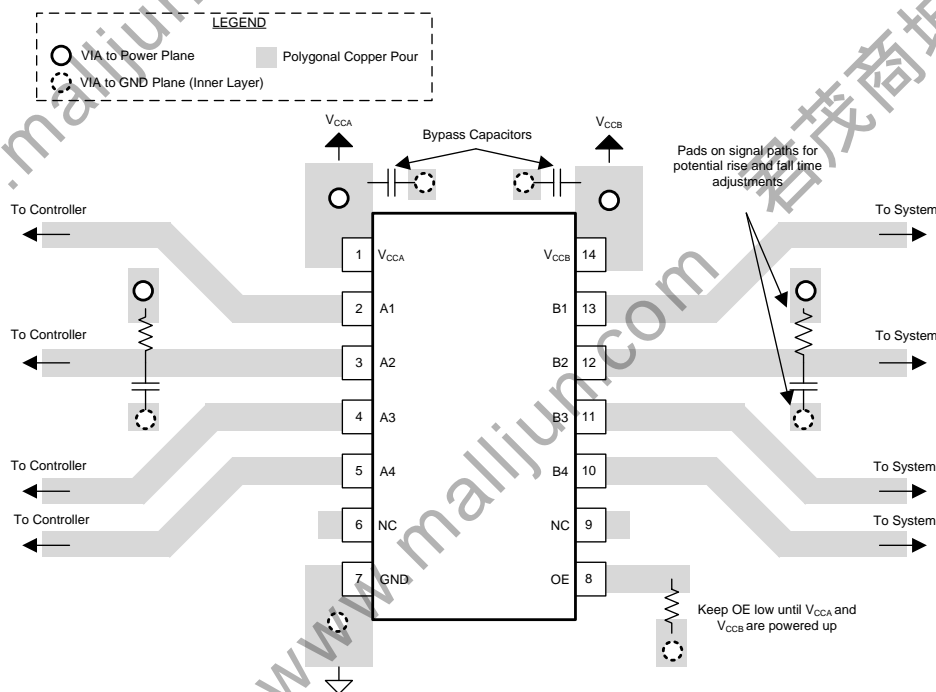


Figure 13. TXS0104E Layout Example

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- [Effects of External Pullup and Pulldown Resistors on TXS and TXB Devices](#)
- [Basics of Voltage Translation](#)
- [A Guide to Voltage Translation With TXS-Type Translators](#)

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.4 Trademarks

NanoFree, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TXS0104ED	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104EDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104EDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104EDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104EPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104EPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104ERGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104ERGYRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104EYZTR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2HN, 2N, 2N7)	Samples
TXS0104EZXR	ACTIVE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZXU	12	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBsolete: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

-
- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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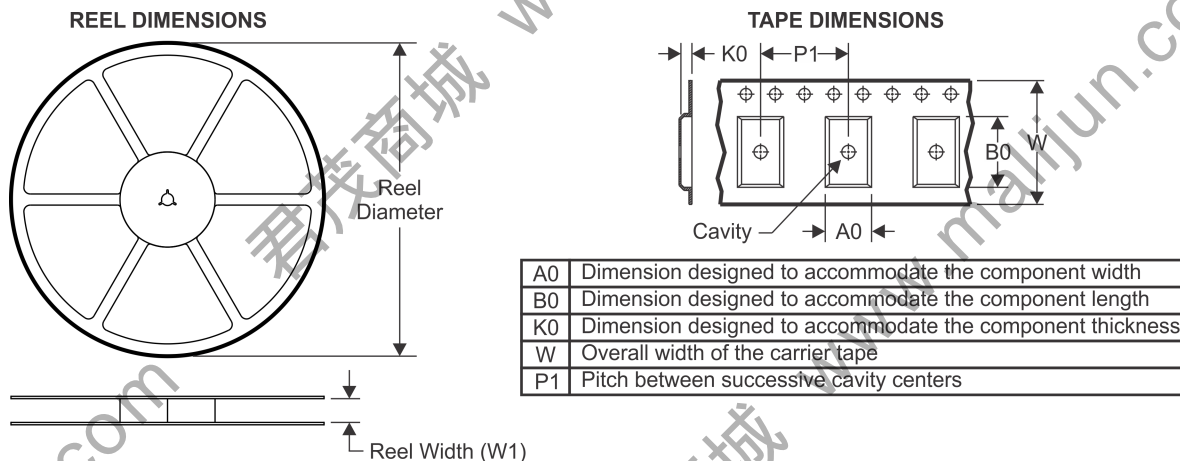
OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXS0104E :

- Automotive: [TXS0104E-Q1](#)

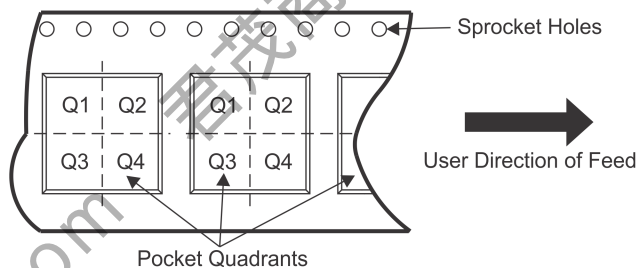
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

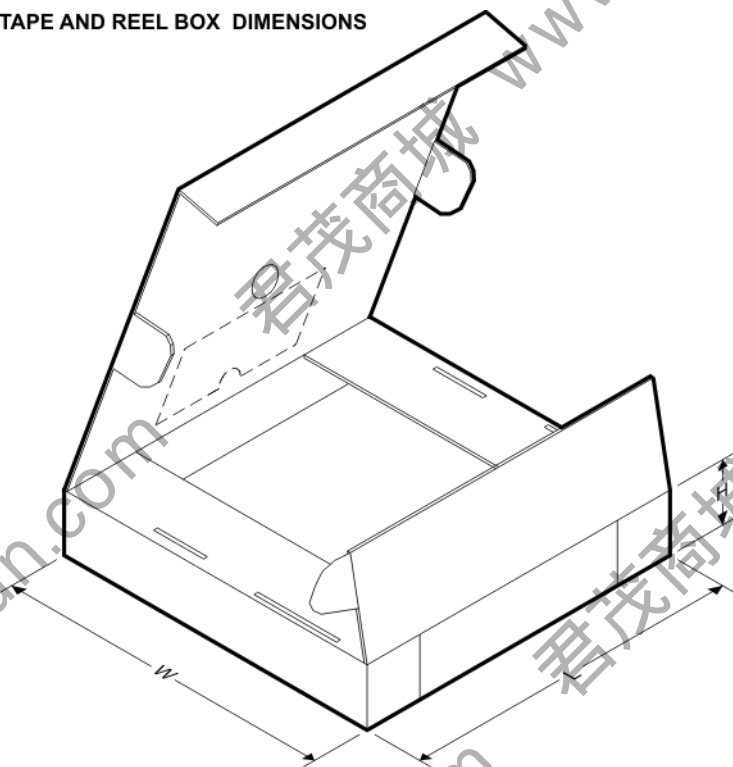


QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TXS0104EDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TXS0104EPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXS0104ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXS0104EYZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.49	1.99	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q2
TXS0104EZXR	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZXU	12	2500	330.0	8.4	2.3	2.8	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

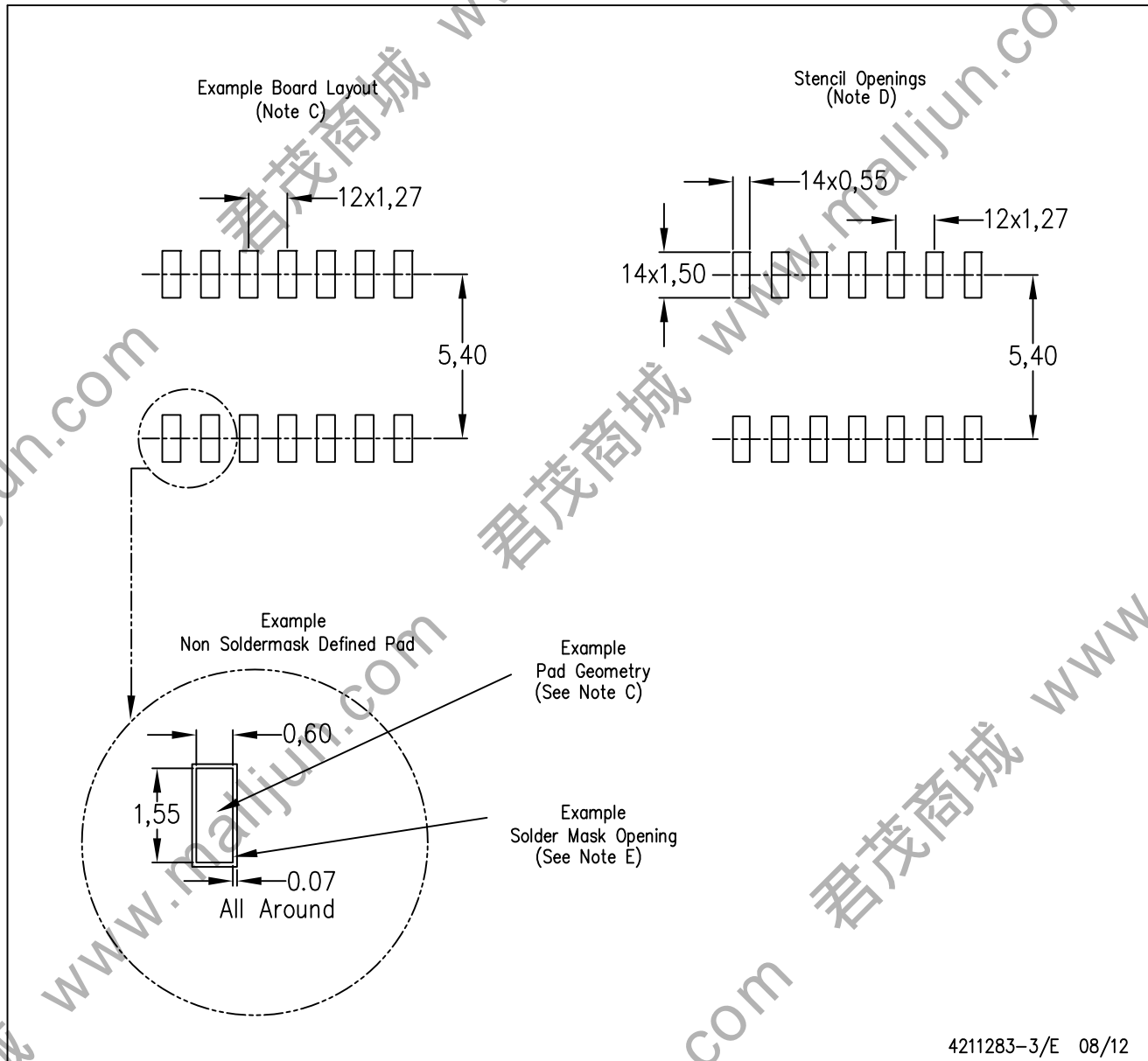
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXS0104EDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TXS0104EPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TXS0104ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TXS0104EYZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TXS0104EZXR	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZXU	12	2500	336.6	336.6	28.6

NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
-  C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
-  D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



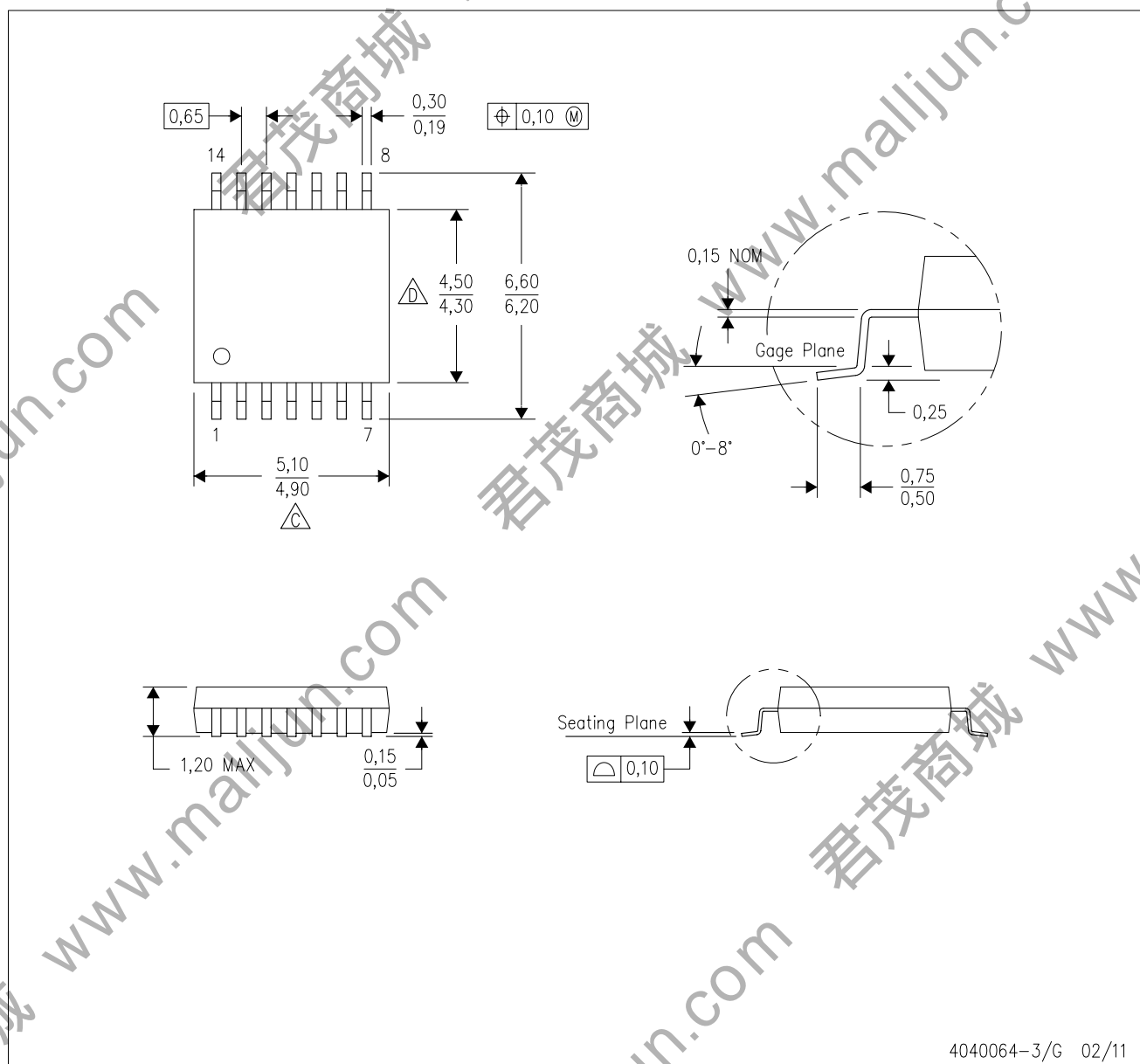
NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

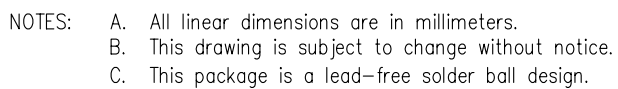
MECHANICAL DATA

PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

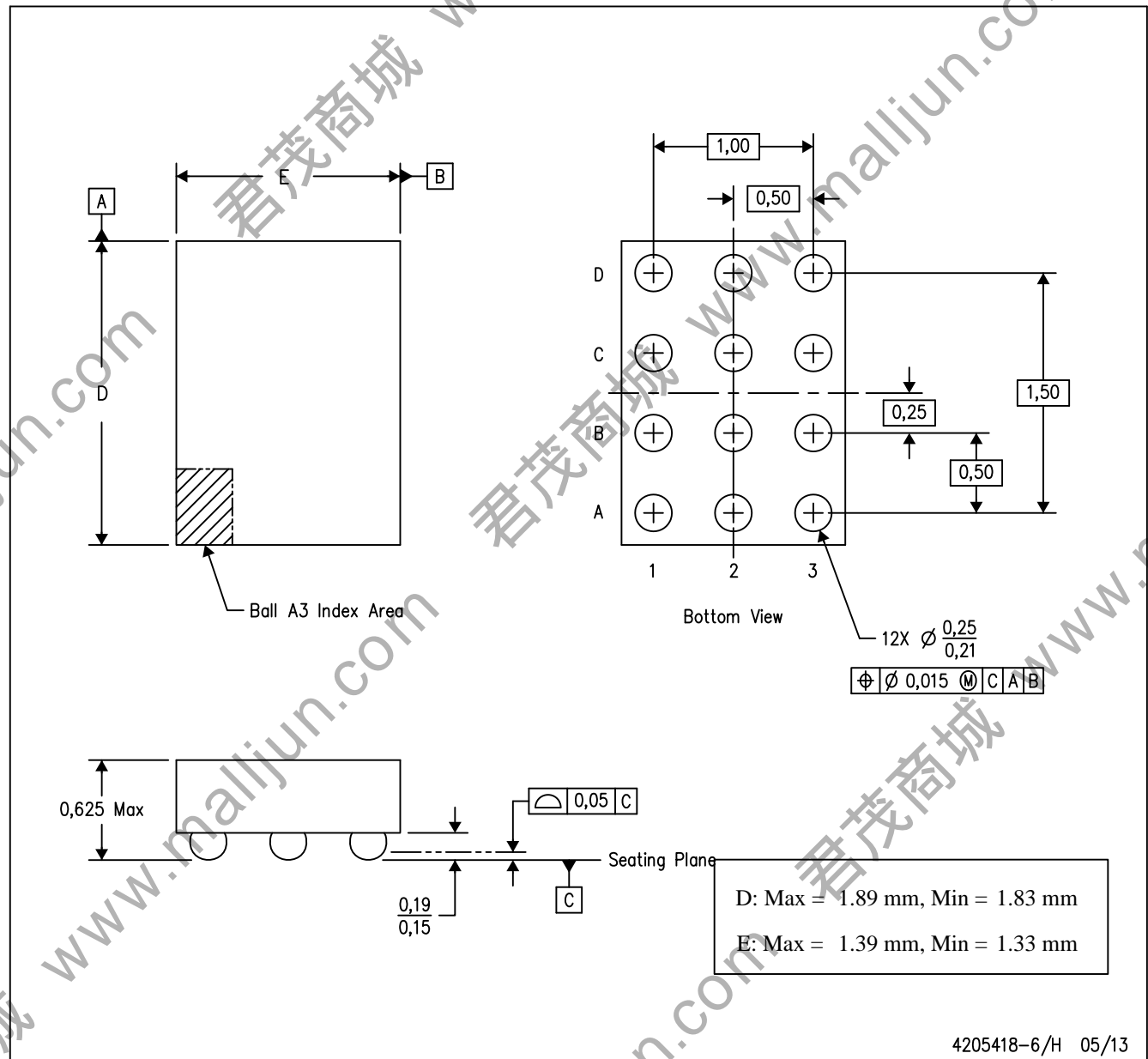


- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



YZT (R-XBGA-N12)

(CUSTOM) DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY

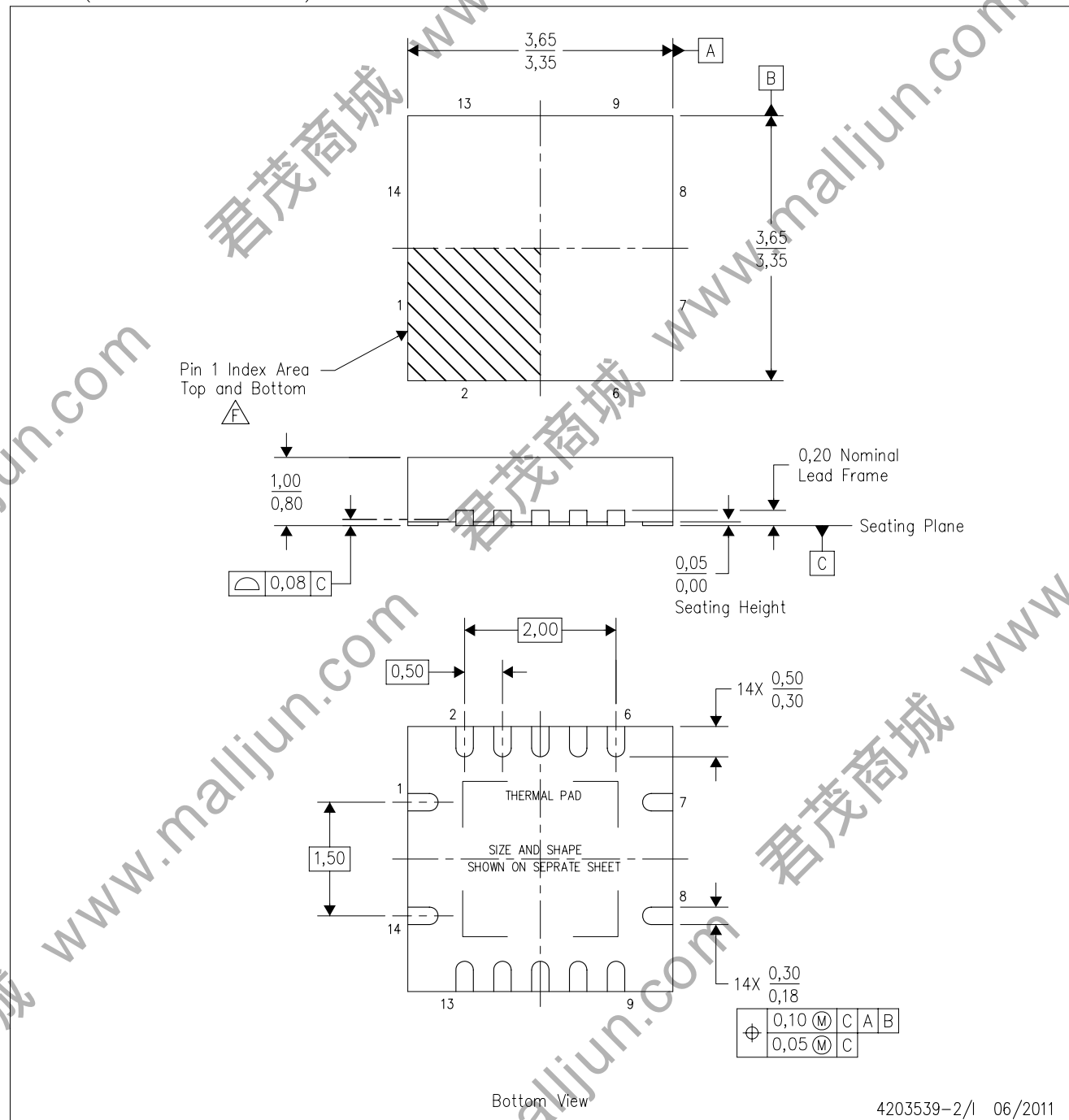


- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



4203539-2/I 06/2011

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
 - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
 - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
 - Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.

RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

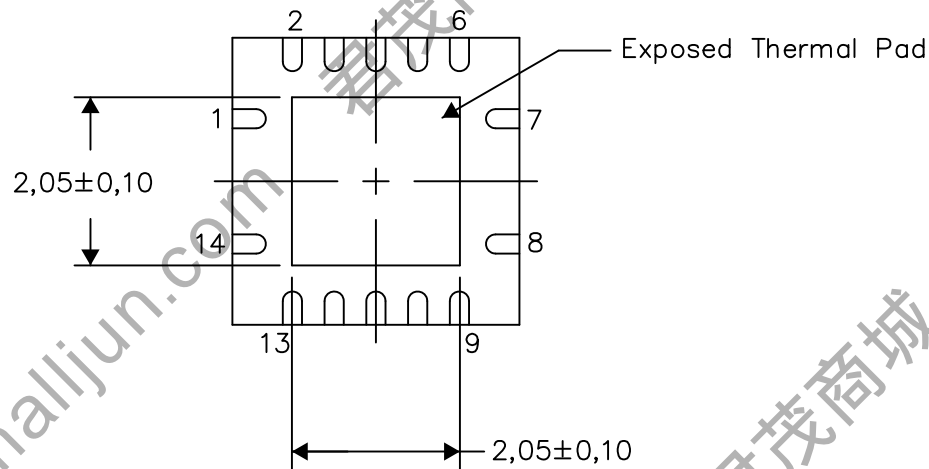
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

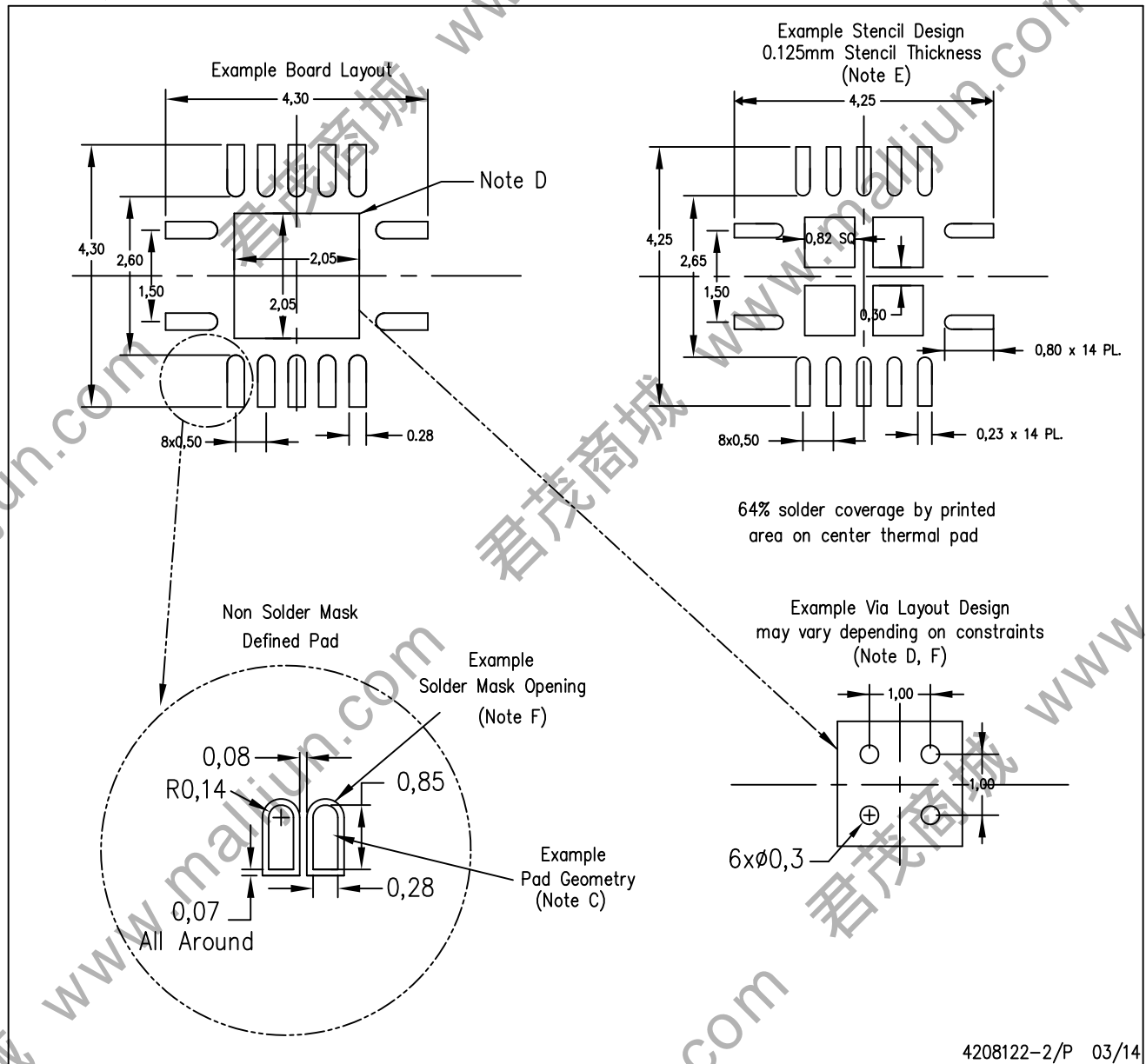
Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206353-2/P 03/14

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.

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TI may expressly designate certain products as completing a particular qualification (e.g., Q100, Military Grade, or Enhanced Product). Designers agree that it has the necessary expertise to select the product with the appropriate qualification designation for their applications and that proper product selection is at Designers' own risk. Designers are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such selection.

Designer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages, costs, losses, and/or liabilities arising out of Designer's non-compliance with the terms and provisions of this Notice.